Zmanim קבלת שבת Dondon 9:06 Manchester 9:27 מוצאי שבת London 10:38 (10:46 ר"ת) Manchester 11:00 (11:00 ר"ת

## פ' שלח מבה"ח י"ט סיון תשפ"ב





והימים ימי בכורי ענבים (במדבר יג:כ)

The פסוק begins with Moshe's instruction to the מרגלים – check out the land to see – מרגלים , does it have a tree or none? Many מפרשים understand the 'עץ' (tree) to be a reference to a תלמיד חכם because he gives 'עצה', advice, and encourages them to do תשובה.

The תולדות יעקב יוסף זיע"א adds that the יצר הטוב can also refer to the יצר הטוב which also urges a person to mend his ways and remain connected to תורה. But the time to strengthen and exercise the is specifically when a person is young and has the energy to shteig. The young and has the energy to shteig. The tells us that this is alluded to in the alluded to mean: before old age, rise up, and take the fight to the יצר הרע.

Therefore, the פסוק ends by stressing that the days were ימי בכורים, the early days of fresh ripeness. Because those are the days when one must seek out היש בה עץ strong and present.

If indeed one is able to plant an עץ, in other words establish his יצר הטוב as his primary adviser, at a young age, then, as the ויעלו ויתורו, they will find it much easier to climb higher in their עבודת ה'.



מלך מהולל בתשבחות

King, Who is lauded through praises

We conclude ברוך שאמר by referring to הקב"ה as the King who is extolled by various forms of praise.

Whilst it is true that the simple meaning of the word הלל means 'praise', for example when שרה was taken captive in פסוק says פסוק says ויהללו אותו אל פרעה, the פרעה praised her to פרעה, there is a much deeper meaning too.

Rav Shimshon Refoel Hirsch זצ"ל connects the word hallel to the term hallol, which comes from the פסוק in עלונרו (which some sing on שבת morning) בהלו נרו בהלו נרו (When He shines a light on my head.

Without delving into the technical aspects of the מהלל, Rav Hirsch explains that the word מהלל that the word ברכות that ברכות that ברכות bestows upon us through our expressions of praise. Our praises of הקב"ה are really an awareness that He is the source of all of the goodness in our lives!

Q. I WAS SPEAKING TO SOMEONE WHO HAD BEEN ON A RECENT CHAZON POLAND TRIP WHERE THEY DAVENED A LOT BUT I ASKED HIM, IF EVERYTHING WAS ALREADY DECIDED ON THE POINT OF ASKING 'T FOR THINGS THROUGHOUT THE YEAR?

A. THERE ARE VARIOUS

A. THERE ARE VARIOUS
APPROACHES TO ANSWER THIS
QUESTION. ONE ANSWER IS
THAT ON THE GET
JUDGED IN A MORE GENERAL

SENSE. FOR INSTANCE, 'N
WILL DECIDE HOW MUCH
RAINFALL THERE SHOULD BE.
HOWEVER, EVEN IF IT WAS
DECREED THAT THERE
SHOULDN'T BE A LOT OF RAIN,
IF WE DAVEN, THE RAIN WILL
FALL AT GOOD TIMES AND IN
THE RIGHT PLACES AND OUR
NOTE WON'T SUFFER. IT IS
FOR THIS REASON THAT WE
CONTINUE TO DAVEN
FOR EVERYTHING WES TO NEED AT ALL TIMES.

## חזובני





This Thursday, ר"ח תמוז, marks the Yohrzeit of **Rav Klonimus Kalman Epstein** זצ"ל, known as the מאור מאור מאור מלוי, known as the ספר.

Young Kalmish was born in 1751 in Neustadt, Poland. He was one of 10 children all of whom lived in abject poverty, and when he was 5, his family moved to Krakow in search of livelihood. Kalmish, as he was known, sold bagels to help his family make a living but each day he would sneak into the בית המדרש in Krakow to learn Torah from the great תלמידי חכמים of the city, Rav Yitzchak Halevi Landau

One day, Mordechai Gutgold, one of the wealthiest people in the town, asked young Kalmish in jest to repeat the שיעור that had just been given. Kalmish proceeded to repeat the שיעור word for word. Gutgold was dumbstruck and pledged to fund Kalmish's ישיבה education provided that Kalmish would marry his daughter when he turned בר גבר מצוה. Kalmish agreed and married Milka Raidel Gutgold after his מצוה.

Sometime after Reb Kalmish's marriage, Reb Elimelech of Lizhensk visited Krakow. Reb Kalmish was very impressed and travelled to Lizhensk, hoping to become a חסיד of Reb Elimelech. Reb Elimelech sent him to learn by the Zlotchover מגיו. After just two weeks, the מגיו sent him back to Reb Elimelech with a message which stated, 'let him learn by you. You will not find anyone else like Reb Kalmish'. He proceeded to become one of Reb Elimelech's closest

In 1785, Reb Elimelech sent him to Krakow to become the leader of חסידות there. At the outset, he experienced fierce opposition from the מתנגדים who even placed a חרם on him from spreading וחסידות in the town. However, eventually he became universally respected when his עדיקות and חכמה became apparent and his name spread far and wide as a עדיק and אקובל. Towards the end of his life he instructed his son Reb Aharon to gather all his writings and is not publish them. It was published posthumously as the מאור ושמש and some refer to it as the חסידות for morning and not publish was חסידות for morning and some refer to it as the חסידות for morning and some refer to it as the חסידות for morning and some refer to it as the חסידות for morning and some refer to it as the published posthumously as the morning and some refer to it as the published posthumously as the morning and some refer to it as the published posthumously as the morning and some refer to it as the published posthumously as the morning and some refer to it as the published posthumously as the morning and some refer to it as the published pub

זכותו יגן עלינו

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...continued from last week

Yissochor, who found the tree containing the gold coins, had sold the wood to Avrohom the carpenter who had it stolen from his house. Ephraim had hidden the treasure in the tree after finding the dead robber's body in Ein Gedi.

Our story continues with Ephraim finding himself an apprentice job with none other than Avrohom the carpenter. One day they were chatting about past experiences when Ephraim mentioned how he had bizarrely found this pouch of gold and hidden it in a tree only for it to be blown away in a storm. Avrohom was flabbergasted!

"That was my treasure!" he exclaimed, and immediately offered to reward Ephraim for helping him recover it. But Ephraim refused. So Avrohom's wife hid some of the coins in a loaf of bread which she gave to Ephraim who was going on a trip. At a border crossing, a soldier offered to buy the delicious-looking bread off Ephraim, who sold it to him happily for next to nothing. The soldier then proceeded to Yerushalayim to visit his friend Avrohom with whom he decided to share his new loaf of bread! Imagine their surprise when the gold coins tumbled out. By now it was clear that Hashem was driving this entire story and so when Ephraim returned from his trip the *shidduch* was *redt* for Avrohom's daughter...